

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education
Wilson Central School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Wilson Central School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the

District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lumaden & McCormick, LLP

October 9, 2018

Wilson Central School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2018
Unaudited

Introduction

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of Wilson Central School District (the District) provides an overview of the District's financial performance and activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information contained in the MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the information presented as part of the District's financial statements that follow. This MD&A, the financial statements, and notes thereto are essential to a full understanding of the District's financial position and results of operations. The District's financial statements have the following components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) governmental fund financial statements, (3) reconciliations between the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, (4) agency fund statements, (5) notes to the financial statements, and (6) supplementary information.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. In 2018, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (OPEB). The results of this statement include recognizing a total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. The cumulative effect of implementing this required change in accounting principle resulted in a restatement of beginning net position as detailed in Note 2 to the financial statements. The comparative data in the MD&A for 2017 has not been restated.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the net difference reported as net position. The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during each year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future periods. The government-wide financial statements present information about the District as a whole. All of the activities of the District are considered to be governmental activities.

Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of resources, as well as on balances of resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The reconciliation portion of the financial statements facilitates the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Agency funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's programs. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements and includes information required by generally accepted accounting principles and the New York State Education Department.

Condensed Statement of Net Position	2018	2017	Change	
			\$	%
Current assets	\$ 18,784,000	\$ 17,532,000	\$ 1,252,000	7.1%
Net pension asset	420,000	-	420,000	100.0%
Capital assets	25,370,000	26,144,000	(774,000)	-3.0%
Total assets	44,574,000	43,676,000	898,000	2.1%
Deferred outflows of resources	6,391,000	6,431,000	(40,000)	-0.6%
Long-term liabilities	14,728,000	16,782,000	(2,054,000)	-12.2%
Other liabilities	1,933,000	1,607,000	326,000	20.3%
Total liabilities	16,661,000	18,389,000	(1,728,000)	-9.4%
Deferred inflows of resources	2,295,000	310,000	1,985,000	640.3%
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	17,180,000	15,859,000	1,321,000	8.3%
Restricted	14,880,000	13,946,000	934,000	6.7%
Unrestricted	(51,000)	1,603,000	(1,654,000)	-103.2%
Total net position	\$ 32,009,000	\$ 31,408,000	\$ 601,000	1.9%

Net position amounted to \$32,009,000 and \$31,408,000 as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. A significant portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets consisting of land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, less outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's net position includes resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These reserves are set aside for specific purposes governed by laws and regulations and include the debt service reserve, which is set aside for the repayment of bonds issued to finance capital projects; the capital reserve, which is dedicated for future renovations as approved by the District's voters; the workers' compensation reserve, which is restricted to pay expenses incurred as part of the District's participation in a workers' compensation consortium; and the retirement contribution reserve, which is restricted to fund contributions paid by the District to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). Other restricted resources include the unemployment insurance, employee benefit accrued liability, insurance, and tax certiorari reserves.

Total assets increased by \$898,000 (\$5,382,000 or 11.0% decrease in 2017) primarily as a result of increased cash balances of \$1,862,000 due to positive operating results and timing of payments, partially offset by a decrease in capital assets of \$774,000 due to annual depreciation expense in excess of capital additions. A change in actuarial assumptions and investment earnings greater than expected by the New York State Teacher's

Retirement System (TRS) resulted in a net pension asset for 2018 of \$420,000. In 2017, the District's proportionate share for TRS was a liability of \$600,000.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$2,054,000 (\$1,910,000 or 10.2% decrease in 2017) due to current year principal payments on bonds of \$2,095,000. Other liabilities increased \$326,000 (\$178,000 or 10.0% decrease in 2017) due to timing of payments near year end.

Changes in deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources include changes in pension activity at the State level which are required to be reflected on the District's financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources include contributions required to be paid by the District to the State pension systems after the measurement date, and as such are not included in the current net pension position. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources also reflect variances from actuarial assumptions, actual results of investment earnings compared to projected earnings, and changes of assumptions. The District has no control or authority over these transactions.

Condensed Statement of Activities	2018	2017	Change	
			\$	%
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 239,000	\$ 274,000	\$ (35,000)	-12.8%
Operating grants and contributions	1,280,000	1,269,000	11,000	0.9%
Capital grants and contributions	293,000	-	293,000	100.0%
General revenues				
Property taxes and tax items	11,595,000	11,384,000	211,000	1.9%
State aid	13,765,000	13,957,000	(192,000)	-1.4%
Other	<u>599,000</u>	<u>352,000</u>	<u>247,000</u>	<u>70.2%</u>
Total revenue	<u>27,771,000</u>	<u>27,236,000</u>	<u>535,000</u>	<u>2.0%</u>
Expenses				
Instruction	20,225,000	19,451,000	774,000	4.0%
Support services General support	3,472,000	3,124,000	348,000	11.1%
Pupil transportation	1,206,000	1,199,000	7,000	0.6%
Food service	505,000	481,000	24,000	5.0%
Interest and other	<u>237,000</u>	<u>298,000</u>	<u>(61,000)</u>	<u>-20.5%</u>
Total expenses	<u>25,645,000</u>	<u>24,553,000</u>	<u>1,092,000</u>	<u>4.4%</u>
Change in net position	2,126,000	2,683,000	(557,000)	-20.8%
Net position - beginning	31,408,000	28,725,000	2,683,000	9.3%
Restatement - GASB 75	(1,525,000)			
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 32,009,000</u>	<u>\$ 31,408,000</u>	<u>\$ 601,000</u>	<u>1.9%</u>

District revenues increased 2.0% or \$535,000 in 2018 (4.5% or \$1,175,000 increase in 2017) primarily due to capital grants of \$293,000 related to the Smart Schools Bond Act (SSBA) funding and an increase in real property taxes of \$211,000 (\$124,000 or 1.1% increase in 2017). Other revenue increased \$247,000 primarily

due to \$81,000 of additional refunds from BOCES over 2017 and an increase of \$47,000 in interest earnings on cash balances.

Total expenses increased \$1,092,000 (\$1,334,000 or 5.7% increase in 2017). District-wide salaries increased 1.7% or \$194,000 due to contractual salary increases. Benefits increased \$237,000 primarily due to health insurance costs; these amounts are allocated by function between instruction and support services. Other increases in expenses include \$122,000 in additional legal services, \$75,000 in textbooks, and technology equipment below the District’s capitalization threshold that was purchased with SSBA grant funds.

Financial Analysis of the District’s Funds

Total fund balances for the governmental funds increased \$921,000 from \$15,937,000 to \$16,858,000. Revenues of \$27,770,000 exceeded expenditures of \$26,849,000.

- Total fund revenue increased \$533,000 or 2.0% (increase of \$1,195,000 or 4.6% in 2017) and total fund expenditures increased \$1,596,000 or 6.3% (decrease of \$3,451,000 or 12.0% in 2017). Revenues increased due to the increase in real property taxes and state aid as previously mentioned. Expenditures increased due to capital outlay expenditures of \$786,000 compared to none 2017.
- The general fund experienced a decrease in fund balance of \$1,154,000 during 2018 compared to an increase of \$1,919,000 in 2017.
- Fund balance in the school lunch fund increased \$49,000 to \$240,000 in 2018 (\$64,000 increase in 2017).
- At June 30, 2018, the debt service reserve was \$2,776,000 (a decrease of \$200,000 from 2017) and must be used to repay long-term debt.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total revenue of \$26,061,000 was more than budgeted revenue by \$322,000. The expenditure budget was \$26,485,000. The total budget was increased \$2,620,000 to reflect the transfer of the capital reserve to the capital projects fund.

Actual expenditures and carryover encumbrances were less than the final amended budget by \$1,758,000 or 6.6%. This difference is attributable to many factors and many unknown items when the budget is prepared. The District cautiously managed its budget to generate savings in employee benefits, pupil transportation, and teaching – regular school.

Capital Assets

Land	\$	84,000	\$	84,000
Construction in progress		395,000		
			-	
Land improvements		1,880,000		1,880,000
Buildings and improvements		43,559,000		43,500,000
Fixtures and equipment		<u>2,606,000</u>		<u>2,473,000</u>
		48,524,000		47,937,000
Accumulated depreciation		<u>(23,154,000)</u>		<u>(21,793,000)</u>

\$	25,370,000	\$	26,144,000	2018	2017
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Current year additions of \$598,000 were offset by depreciation expense of \$1,372,000.

Debt

At June 30, 2018, the District had \$8,190,000 _____ in bonds outstanding, with \$2,170,000 due within one year (\$10,285,000 outstanding at June 30, 2017). Outstanding compensated absences payable were \$579,000, with \$122,000 expected to be paid within one year (\$681,000 outstanding at June 30, 2017).

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Current Financial Issues and Concerns

School districts in New York State are impacted by the political pressures imposed on elected officials in funding of education. Year to year changes in funding levels and State aid formulas complicate the planning process for schools.

The District will continue to mitigate the impact of rising costs of education on the overall budget, including using reserve funds as permitted by law to lessen their budgetary impact. The property tax levy cap further emphasizes the importance of using reserves judiciously and implementing creative cost cutting measures. These issues and concerns require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the educational resources necessary to meet student needs.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our District residents, taxpayers, parents, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances, and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Carolyn Oliveri, Business Administrator, Wilson Central School District, 412 Lake Street, Wilson, New York 14172.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

(With comparative totals as of June 30, 2017)

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,887,970	\$ 16,026,271
Accounts receivable	3,151	65,650
Due from other governments	394,338	633,669
State and federal aid receivable	393,319	693,826
Due from fiduciary funds	10,100	11,750
Inventory and prepaid expenses	94,369	101,587
Net pension asset	420,069	-
Capital assets (Note 5)	48,523,932	47,937,344
Accumulated depreciation	(23,153,514)	(21,793,552)
Total assets	44,573,734	43,676,545
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,391,008	6,430,695
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	499,804	69,993
Accrued liabilities	454,068	416,024
Due to retirement systems	979,185	1,120,653
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year:		
Bonds	2,170,000	2,095,000
Compensated absences	122,000	143,000
Due beyond one year:		
Bonds	6,020,000	8,190,000
Compensated absences	457,000	538,000
Net pension liability	215,862	1,203,158
Total OPEB liability	5,743,122	4,613,057
Total liabilities	16,661,041	18,388,885
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,853,295	309,866
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	441,293	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,294,588	309,866
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	17,180,418	15,858,792
Restricted	14,880,211	13,946,699
Unrestricted	(51,516)	1,602,998
Total net position	\$ 32,009,113	\$ 31,408,489

See accompanying notes.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2018
(With summarized comparative totals for June 30, 2017)

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue		
		Charges for Services	Grants and	Contributions	Capital	2018	2017
Governmental activities							
General support	\$ 3,472,287	\$ 11,500	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (3,460,787)	\$ (3,114,446)
Instruction	20,224,880	10,402	964,044	293,391		(18,957,043)	(18,442,014)
Pupil transportation	1,205,932	-	-	-		(1,205,932)	(1,198,789)
Community services	1,982	-	-	-		(1,982)	(2,500)
Interest expense	234,563	-	-	-		(234,563)	(295,531)
School food service	505,099	216,535	315,785	-			
	<u>\$ 25,644,743</u>	<u>\$ 238,437</u>	<u>\$ 1,279,829</u>	<u>\$ 293,391</u>		<u>27,221</u>	<u>43,919</u>
General revenues						<u>(23,833,086)</u>	<u>(23,009,361)</u>
Real property taxes						11,594,708	11,384,295
Miscellaneous						598,633	351,838
State aid						13,765,235	
Total general revenues						<u>25,958,576</u>	<u>13,957,146</u>
Change in net position						<u>25,693,279</u>	
Net position - beginning						<u>2,125,490</u>	<u>2,683,918</u>
							31,408,489
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle (Note 2)							28,724,571
Net position - beginning, as restated						<u>(1,524,866)</u>	
Net position - ending						<u>29,883,623</u>	<u>28,724,571</u>
						\$	\$
						<u>32,009,113</u>	<u>31,408,489</u>

See accompanying notes.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2018

(With summarized comparative totals as of June 30, 2017)

	General	Debt	Capital	Special	School	Total	
		Service	Projects	Aid	Lunch	Governmental Funds	
						2018	2017
						\$ 17,887,970	\$
	\$ 12,420,952	\$ 2,775,858	\$ 2,304,529	\$ 154,285	\$ 232,346		16,026,271
	3,151	-	-	-	-	3,151	65,650
	394,338	-	-	-	-	394,338	633,669
	214,429	-	-	178,890	-	393,319	693,826
Assets	350,640	-	-	-	-	350,640	285,869
Cash and cash equivalents	75,658	-	-	-	18,711	94,369	101,587
Accounts receivable							
Due from other governments	\$ 13,459,168	\$ 2,775,858	\$ 2,304,529	\$ 333,175	\$ 251,057	\$ 19,123,787	\$
State and federal aid receivable							17,806,872
Due from other funds, net							
Inventory and prepaid expenses	\$				\$		
Total assets	421,577	\$ 70,422	\$ 1,546	6,259	\$ 499,804	\$ 69,993	
	441,646	-	-	4,422	446,068	405,024	
Liabilities and Fund Balances	979,185	-	-	-	979,185	1,120,653	
Accounts payable	-	-	8,557	331,629	354	340,540	274,119
Accrued liabilities	1,842,408	-	78,979	333,175	11,035	2,265,597	
Due to retirement systems							1,869,789
Due to other funds, net							
Total liabilities	-						
	75,658						23,178
Fund Balances						18,711	
Nonspendable:	-	-	-	-	18,711	75,658	78,409
Inventory							
Prepaid expenses	401,519						
Restricted:	6,011,158	2,775,858	-	-	-	2,775,858	2,975,858
Debt service	382,073	-	-	-	-	401,519	400,469
Unemployment insurance	735,631	-	2,225,550	-	-	8,236,708	7,112,941
Capital						382,073	381,073
Employee benefit accrued liability	820,199	-	-	-	-	735,631	733,708
Insurance	1,508,223	-	-	-	-	820,199	818,054
Workers' compensation	20,000	-	-	-	-	1,508,223	1,504,596
Retirement contribution						20,000	20,000
Tax certiorari							
Assigned:							
Designated for	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000	500,000
subsequent year's	66,149	-	-	-	221,311	287,460	331,617
expenditures Other	1,096,150	-	-	-	-	1,096,150	1,057,180
purposes	11,616,760	2,775,858	2,225,550	-	240,022	16,858,190	
Unassigned							15,937,083
Total fund balances	\$ 13,459,168	\$ 2,775,858	\$ 2,304,529	\$ 333,175	\$ 251,057	\$ 19,123,787	\$
Total liabilities and fund balances							17,806,872

See accompanying notes.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net
Position****June 30, 2018**

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$ 16,858,190

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

25,370,418

The District's proportionate share of the net pension position as well as pension-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the government-wide statements and include:

Net pension asset	420,069
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,391,008
Net pension liability	(215,862)

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>(1,853,295)</u>	4,741,920
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(6,184,415)

Net position - governmental activities \$ 32,009,113
(8,777,000)

The District's total OPEB liability as well as OPEB-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources are recognized in the government-wide statements and include:

Total OPEB liability	(5,743,122)
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Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	<u>(441,293)</u>
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Certain liabilities are not due and payable currently and therefore are not reported as liabilities of the governmental funds. These liabilities are:

Bonds	(8,190,000)
Accrued interest	(8,000)
Compensated absences	(579,000)

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental
Funds**

For the year ended June 30, 2018

(With summarized comparative totals for June 30, 2017)

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Special Aid	School Lunch	Total	
						Governmental Funds	
						2018	2017
	\$ 9,447,295	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,447,295	\$ 9,221,215
	2,147,413	-	-	-	-	2,147,413	2,163,080
Revenues	10,402	-	-	-	-	10,402	62,840
Real property taxes	66,465	-	-	-	-	66,465	17,627
Real property tax items	1,030	-	-	-	-	1,030	8,329
Charges for services	542,638	-	-	-	13,395	556,033	349,337
Use of money and property	13,765,235	-	293,391	271,605	10,399	14,340,630	14,162,581
Sale of property and compensation for loss	80,357	-	-	612,082	291,991	984,430	1,050,235
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	216,535	216,535	201,600
State sources	26,060,835	-	293,391	883,687	532,320	27,770,233	27,236,844
Federal sources							
Sales							
Total revenues	2,787,591	-	-	-	191,986	2,979,577	2,669,954
Expenditures	13,113,223	-	-	736,553	-	13,849,776	13,514,114
General support	1,182,988	-	-	-	-	1,182,988	1,177,654
Instruction	1,982	-	-	-	-	1,982	2,500
Pupil transportation	5,242,687	-	-	188,248	84,645	5,515,580	5,357,597
Community services							
Employee benefits	2,095,000	-	-	-	-	2,095,000	2,025,000
Debt service	237,563	-	-	-	-	237,563	298,531
Principal	-	-	-	-	200,229	200,229	208,252
Interest	-	-	780,286	-	6,145	786,431	-
Cost of sales	24,661,034	-	780,286	924,801	483,005	26,849,126	25,253,602
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures	1,399,801	-	(486,895)	(41,114)	49,315	921,107	1,983,242
Excess revenues (expenditures)							
Other financing sources (uses)	(2,553,559)	(200,000)	2,712,445	41,114	-	-	-
Operating transfers, net							
Net change in fund balances	(1,153,758)	(200,000)	2,225,550	-	49,315	921,107	1,983,242
Fund balances - beginning Fund	12,770,518	2,975,858	-	-	190,707	15,937,083	13,953,841
balances - ending	\$ 11,616,760	\$ 2,775,858	\$ 2,225,550	\$ -	\$ 240,022	\$ 16,858,190	\$ 15,937,083

See accompanying notes.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 921,107	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of the assets is allocated over estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays.		
	(773,374)	
Pension expense is recognized when paid on the fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and actuarially determined on the statement of activities. These differences are:		
TRS and ERS contributions	1,209,634	
ERS accrued contribution	83,543	
ERS accrued contribution	(82,101)	
TRS pension expense	(1,079,628)	
ERS pension expense	(307,199)	(175,751)
OPEB expense is recognized when paid on the fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and actuarially determined on the statement of activities.		
		(46,492)
Payments of long-term liabilities are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and as a reduction of debt in the statement of net position.		
		2,095,000
In the statement of activities, certain expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds these expenditures are reported when paid. These differences are:		
Compensated absences	102,000	
Interest	3,000	105,000
Change in net position - governmental activities		\$ 2,125,490

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund**

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		Actual	Encumbrances	Variance with
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues					
Local sources					
Real property taxes	\$ 11,534,513	\$ 9,446,743	\$ 9,447,295		\$ 552
Real property tax items	56,500	2,144,270	2,147,413		3,143
Charges for services	24,000	24,000	10,402		(13,598)
Use of money and property	13,000	13,000	66,465		53,465
Sale of property and compensation for loss	500	500	1,030		530
Miscellaneous	67,000	67,000	542,638		475,638
State sources	14,003,170	14,003,170	13,765,235		(237,935)
Federal sources	40,000	40,000	80,357		40,357
Total				revenues	
25,738,683	25,738,683	26,060,835	322,152		
Expenditures					
General support					
Board of education					
Central administration	22,800	29,300	27,399		(1,376)
Finance	232,823	229,823	229,710	525	(113)
Staff	281,717	281,217	247,600	-	(33,617)
Central services	159,200	240,200	239,776	-	(424)
Special items	1,984,890	1,923,890	1,798,387		(68,978)
Instruction	245,000	245,000	244,719	56,525	(281)
Instruction, administration, and improvement				-	
Teaching - regular school	837,136	836,836	704,652		(131,774)
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	6,640,085	6,633,385	6,278,848	410	(352,136)
Occupational education	3,357,867	3,357,340	3,088,086	2,401	(268,119)
Teaching - special schools	980,952	980,952	891,317	1,135	(89,250)
Instructional media	16,700	16,700	4,148	385	(12,552)
Pupil services	872,675	867,675	815,698	111	(51,866)
Pupil transportation	1,346,213	1,335,740	1,330,474	4,657	(609)
Community services	1,426,181	1,426,181	1,182,988	-	(243,193)
Employee benefits	2,500	2,500	1,982	-	(518)
Debt service	5,745,469	5,745,469	5,242,687	-	(502,782)
Principal					
Interest	2,095,000	2,095,000	2,095,000	-	-
Total expenditures	237,563	237,563	237,563	-	-
Excess revenues (expenditures)					
	(746,088)	(746,088)	1,399,801	(66,149)	2,079,740
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in					
Operating transfers out					
Appropriated fund balance and carryover encumbrances	200,000	200,000	200,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(118,000)	(2,738,000)	(2,753,559)		15,559
	664,088	3,284,088	-		(3,284,088)
Excess revenues (expenditures) and other financing sources (uses)	746,088	746,088	(2,553,559)		(3,299,647)

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trusts	Agency
Assets		
Cash	\$ 107,590	\$ 96,563
Liabilities		
Extraclassroom activities balances	-	\$ 68,210
Due to governmental funds	-	10,100
Agency liabilities	-	18,253
Total liabilities	-	\$ 96,563
Net Position		
Restricted for scholarships	\$ 107,590	

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WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trusts
Additions	
Interest income	\$ 55
Gifts and donations	7,270
	7,325
Deductions	
Scholarship awards	9,898
Change in net position	(2,573)
Net position - beginning	110,163
Net position - ending	\$ 107,590

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Wilson Central School District (the District) is governed by Education and other laws of the State of New York (the State). The District's Board of Education has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District's Superintendent is the chief executive officer and the President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer. The Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District provides education and support services such as administration, transportation, and plant maintenance. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with requirements of these funding sources. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, nor does it contain any component units.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Joint Venture

The District is one of 13 participating school districts in the Orleans/Niagara Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). Formed under §1950 of Education Law, a BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, and also provides educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which the District can terminate its status as a component of BOCES.

The component school district boards elect the members of the BOCES governing body. There are no equity interests and no single participant controls the financial or operating policies. BOCES may also contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate spending plans for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district shares in administrative and capital costs determined by its enrollment. Participating districts are charged a service fee for programs in which students participate, and for other shared contracted administrative services. Participating districts may issue debt on behalf of BOCES; there is no such debt issued by the District.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District was billed \$3,328,000 for BOCES administrative and program costs and recognized revenue of \$360,000 as a refund from prior year expenditures paid to BOCES. Audited financial statements are available from BOCES' administrative offices.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The District participates in the Orleans/Niagara School Health Plan and the Niagara County Mutual Self Insurance Plan, which are public entity risk pools. These plans are designed to provide health insurance and workers' compensation coverage for participating entities. These activities are further presented in Note 9.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display financial activities of the overall District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize double counting of internal activities. These statements are required to distinguish between *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The District does not maintain any business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities.

- Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses relate to the administration and support of the District's programs, including personnel, overall administration, and finance. Employee benefits are allocated to functional expenses as a percentage of related payroll expense.
- Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program, and (c) grants and contributions limited to the purchase of specific capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental and fiduciary* - are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major funds:

- *General fund.* This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- *Debt service fund.* This fund is used to account for resources that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest payments maturing in future years are also included in this fund.
- *Capital projects fund.* This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.
- *Special aid fund.* This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources – other than expendable trusts or major capital projects – such as federal, state, and local grants and awards that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes. Either governments or other third parties providing the grant funds impose these restrictions.

The District also elected to display the following as a major fund:

- *School lunch fund.* This fund is a special revenue fund whose specific revenue sources, including free and reduced meal subsidies received from state and federal programs, are assigned to the operation of the District's breakfast and lunch programs.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

- *Private-purpose trust fund.* This fund reports trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit various third party scholarship arrangements.
- *Agency fund.* This fund accounts for assets held by the District as agent for various student groups and clubs, payroll, and employee third party withholdings. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not by separate governmental activities and major funds. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value directly without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within ninety days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset purchases are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term liabilities and equipment and property purchased under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, revenues are recognized to the extent of program expenditures. Amounts received in advance of the expenditures are considered unearned and reported as revenue when the expense is incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property Taxes

The District levies real property taxes no later than September 1. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the tax lien was issued on August 8, 2017 for collection from September 1, 2017 through November 1, 2017. Thereafter, uncollected amounts became the responsibility of Niagara County. Such amounts were submitted to the District by April 1st of the following year as required by law.

Budget Process, Amendments, and Encumbrances

District administration prepares a proposed budget for the general fund requiring approval by the Board. A public hearing is held upon completion and filing of the tentative budget. Subsequently, the budget is adopted by the Board. The proposed budget is then presented to voters of the District. The budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017 was approved by a majority of the voters in a general election held on May 16, 2017.

Annual appropriations are adopted and employed for control of the general fund. These budgets are adopted on a GAAP basis under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the current year may be increased by the planned use of specific restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances and subsequent budget amendments approved by the Board as a result of new revenue sources not included in the original budget.

Encumbrance accounting is used to assure budgetary control over commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services outstanding at the end of each year. Encumbrances are budgetary expenditures in the year committed and again in the subsequent period when the expenditure is paid. All budget appropriations that are unencumbered lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are presented for GAAP-related purposes as committed or assigned fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. At July 1, encumbrances carried forward from the prior year are reestablished as budgetary appropriations.

Inventory and Prepaid Expenses

Inventory consists of food and similar food service goods related to school lunch operations and is recorded at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or net realizable value. Donated commodities are stated at values which approximate market. Certain payments to vendors reflect expenditures applicable to future periods and are reflected as prepaid expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals. Contributed assets are recorded at fair value at the time received. Depreciation is provided in the government-wide statements over estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred; significant improvements are capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds for determining which asset purchases are added to capital accounts and the estimated useful lives of capital assets are:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land improvements	\$1,500	20 years
Buildings and improvements	\$1,500	50 years
Fixtures and equipment	\$1,500	5-20 years

Pensions

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (the Systems) as mandated by State law. The Systems recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms; investment assets are reported at fair value. On the government-wide statements, the District recognizes its proportionate share of net pension position, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, pension expense (revenue), and information about and changes in the fiduciary net position on the same basis as reported by the respective defined benefit pension plans.

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid accumulated sick and vacation time. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees currently eligible to receive payments and those expected to become eligible to receive such payments are included. Sick pay is accrued on the basis of negotiated contracts with administrative and employee groups which provide for the payment of accumulated sick time at retirement or the option of converting this vested amount to provide for payment of health insurance until exhausted.

The government-wide financial statements reflect the entire liability, while in the governmental funds financial statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued based on expendable available financial resources.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

- *Net investment in capital assets* - consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- *Restricted* – consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or the terms of the District's bonds.
- *Unrestricted* – the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position and therefore are available for general use by the District.

Governmental Fund Statements

The District considers unrestricted resources to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless the use of the restricted amount was appropriated in the current year's budget. Within unrestricted fund balance, the District considers committed, assigned, then unassigned resources to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

Restricted fund balances generally result from reserves created by the State of New York Legislature and included in General Municipal Law, State Education Law, or Real Property Tax Law as authorized for use by the Board of Education. Certain reserves may require voter approval for their establishment and/or use. Earnings on invested resources are required to be added to the various reserves.

Committed fund balances are authorized by the Board of Education as recommended by the District's management prior to the end of the fiscal year, although funding of the commitment may be established subsequent to year end. Assigned fund balances include the planned use of existing fund balance to offset the subsequent year's tax levy. Additionally, the Board of Education has given the District's management the authority to assign fund balances for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Nonspendable fund balances represent resources that cannot be spent as they are not expected to be converted to cash and include inventory and prepaid expenses.

Fund balance restrictions consist of the following reserves:

- *Debt service* – is used to account for proceeds from the sale of property that was financed by obligations still outstanding, interest and earnings on outstanding obligations (including bond premiums), and remaining bond proceeds not needed for their original purpose as required by §165 of Finance Law. This reserve must be used to pay the debt service obligations for which the original money was generated.
- *Unemployment insurance* – is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants as the District has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method.
- *Capital* – is used to accumulate funds to finance all or a portion of future capital projects for which bonds may be issued. Voter authorization is required for both the establishment of the reserve and payments from the reserve. During 2004, 2007, and 2011, voters approved capital reserves of \$5,000,000 each and in 2017 voters approved capital reserves of \$9,850,000 for a total of \$24,850,000. To date, \$13,308,000 has been funded.
- *Employee benefit accrued liability* – is used to account for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick time due upon termination of an employee's services. It is established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.
- *Insurance* – is used to pay liability, casualty, and other types of losses except losses incurred for which insurance may be purchased. The amount is funded through budgetary appropriations and may not exceed 5% of the budget.
- *Workers' compensation* – is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this program.
- *Retirement contribution* – is used to finance retirement contributions payable to ERS.
- *Tax certiorari* – is used to pay judgements and claims resulting from certiorari proceedings. Funds not used by July 1 of the fourth fiscal year following their deposit must be returned to unassigned fund balance.

Interfund Balances

The operations of the District include transactions between funds including resources for cash flow purposes. These interfund receivables and payables are repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds provide financing or other services.

In the government-wide statements, the amounts reported on the statement of net position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to fiduciary funds.

Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet as the right of legal offset exists. It is the District's practice to settle these amounts at the net balances due between funds.

2. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2017, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (OPEB), which supersedes GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits offered by the District and requires various note disclosures (Note 8) and required supplementary information. As a result, beginning of year net position has been restated as follows:

Net position previously reported, July 1, 2017	\$ 31,408,489
OPEB previously reported	4,613,057
Total OPEB liability	(6,137,923)
Amounts paid by the District subsequent to the measurement date	<u>-</u>
Net position as restated	<u>\$ 29,883,623</u>

Information on beginning of year deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, and all information for the prior year, is not available and therefore such amounts have not been restated.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash management is governed by State laws and as established in the District's written policies. Cash resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Policies permit the Treasurer to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Invested resources are limited to obligations of the United States Treasury and its Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of the State or its localities. Cash equivalents include U.S. Treasury Bills with maturities of six months or less.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2018, the District's bank deposits were fully collateralized by FDIC coverage and securities held by the pledging institutions' agents in the District's name.

4. Interfund Transactions – Fund Financial Statements

Fund	Receivable	Payable	Transfers	
			In	Out
General	\$ 391,754	\$ 41,114	\$ 200,000	\$ 2,753,559
Debt service	-	-	-	200,000
Capital projects	-	8,557	2,712,445	-
Special aid	41,114	372,743	41,114	-
School lunch	-	354	-	-
Fiduciary	-	10,100	-	-

\$ 432,868	\$ 432,868	\$ 2,953,559	\$
		2,953,559	

The general fund provides cash flow to the various other funds; these amounts are repaid when funds are received from the State after final expenditure reports have been submitted and approved or when permanent financing is obtained. The permanent transfer from the general to the special aid fund is to cover its share of costs related to the summer school handicap program and the transfer to the capital projects fund is primarily from capital reserves to fund capital projects. The transfer from the debt service fund to the general fund is to use a portion of the debt service reserve to make debt service payments. **5. Capital Assets**

	July 1, 2017	Increases	Retirements/ Reclassifications	June 30, 2018
Non-depreciable capital assets:				\$
Land	\$ 84,250	\$ -	\$ -	84,250
Construction-in-progress	-	394,451	-	-
Total non-depreciable assets	84,250	394,451	-	394,451
				478,701
Depreciable capital assets:				
Land improvements	1,880,068	-	-	1,880,068
Buildings and improvements	43,499,770	59,165	-	43,558,935
Fixtures and equipment	2,473,256	144,972	(12,000)	2,606,228
Total depreciable assets	47,853,094	204,137	(12,000)	48,045,231
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,816,311	29,146	-	1,845,457
Buildings and improvements	17,965,598	1,274,609	-	19,240,207
Fixtures and equipment	2,011,643	68,207	(12,000)	2,067,850
Total accumulated depreciation	21,793,552	1,371,962	(12,000)	23,153,514
Total depreciable assets, net	26,059,542	(1,167,825)	-	24,891,717
				\$
	\$ 26,143,792	\$ (773,374)	\$ -	25,370,418

Depreciation expense has been allocated to the following functions: general support \$140,111, instruction \$1,205,248, pupil transportation \$4,509, and food service \$22,094.

As of June 30, 2018, net investment in capital assets consists of the following:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 25,370,418
	(8,190,000)
	\$ 17,180,418
Bonds	

The District previously recorded an impairment loss on an idle elementary school not necessary for current enrollment. The carrying value of this property remains at its estimated fair value of \$250,000 based upon an appraisal (level 3 or unobservable inputs).

6. Long-Term Liabilities

	July 1,		June 30,		Amount
	2017	Increases	Decreases	2018	Due in
					One Year
Bonds	\$ 10,285,000	\$ -	\$ 2,095,000	\$ 8,190,000	\$ 2,170,000
Compensated absences	681,000	-	102,000	579,000	122,000
	\$ 10,966,000	\$ -	\$ 2,197,000	\$ 8,769,000	\$ 2,292,000

Existing Obligations

Description	Maturity	Rate	Balance
2008 Bonds	June 2019	3.5%-4.0%	\$ 475,000
2013 Bonds	June 2028	1.0%-2.3%	2,120,000
2014 Refunding bonds	June 2020	1.0%-3.5%	2,620,000
2016 Bonds	June 2031	2.0%-2.5%	2,975,000
			\$ 8,190,000

Debt Service Requirements

Years ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 174,657
2020	1,740,000	121,656
2021	425,000	86,806
2022	440,000	78,207
2023	450,000	69,307
2024-2028	2,305,000	206,213
2029-2031	660,000	28,562
	\$ 8,190,000	\$ 765,408

7. Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple employer, public employee retirement systems:

- TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board and provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained from the New York State Teachers' Retirement System at www.nystrs.org.
- ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. New York State Retirement and Social Security Law governs obligations of employers and employees to contribute and provide benefits to

employees. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained from the New York State and Local Retirement System at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire.

Benefits: The Systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits for eligible members, including automatic cost of living adjustments. In general, retirement benefits are determined based on an employee's individual circumstances using a pension factor, an age factor, and final average salary. The benefits vary depending on the individual's employment tier. Pension factors are determined based on tier and an employee's years of service, among other factors.

Contribution Requirements: No employee contribution is required for those hired prior to July 1976. The Systems require employee contributions of 3% of salary for the first 10 years of service for those employees who joined the Systems from July 1976 through December 2009. Participants hired on or after January 1, 2010 through March 31, 2012 are required to contribute 3.5% (TRS) or 3% (ERS) of compensation throughout their active membership in the Systems. Participants hired on or after April 1, 2012 are required to contribute a percentage ranging from 3% to 6% each year, based on their level of compensation. Pursuant to Article 11 of Education Law, an actuarially determined contribution rate is established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. This rate was 9.8% for 2018. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the rates used, expressed as a percentage of the wages of participants, to compute the contributions required to be made by the District to the pension accumulation fund. For 2018, these rates ranged from 9.4% - 16.1%.

The amount outstanding and payable to TRS for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$881,231. A liability to ERS of \$83,543 is accrued based on the District's legally required contribution for employee services rendered from April 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018.

Net Pension Position, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2018, the District reported an asset of \$420,069 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension position and a liability of \$215,862 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension position.

The TRS net pension position was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures applied to roll forward the net pension position to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension position was based on the ratio of its actuarially determined employer contribution to TRS's total actuarially determined employer contributions for the fiscal year ended on the measurement date. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.055265%, a decrease of 0.000723 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

The ERS net pension position was measured as of March 31, 2018, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension position was based on the ratio of its actuarially determined employer contribution to ERS's total actuarially determined employer contributions for the fiscal year ended on the measurement date. At the March 31, 2018 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.0066883%, an increase of 0.0002655 from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,386,827 on the governmentwide statements (TRS expense of \$1,079,628 and ERS expense of \$307,199). At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources as follows:

	TRS		ERS
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	\$ 76,991	\$ 63,623	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	143,134	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings pension plan investments	313,523	618,862	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	142,040	12,963	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	83,543	-	
	\$ 759,231	\$ 695,448	

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to (a reduction of) the net pension asset (liability) in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30,	TRS	ERS
2019	\$ 120,801	\$ 92,441
2020	1,154,438	76,262
2021	832,844	(131,596)
2022	224,489	(56,867)
2023	830,489	-
Thereafter	429,638	-
	\$ 3,592,699	\$ (19,760)

Actuarial Assumptions

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014. These assumptions are:

Inflation– 2.5%

Salary increases– Based on TRS member experience, dependent on service, ranging from 1.90%-4.72%

Projected Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) – 1.5% compounded annually

Investment rate of return – 7.25% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation (7.50% for the 2016 measurement date)

Mortality – Based on TRS member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014, applied on a generational basis

Discount rate – 7.25% (7.50% for the 2016 measurement date)

The long term expected rate of return on TRS pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 valuation, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015. These assumptions are:

Inflation– 2.5% **Salary increases**– 3.8%

COLA– 1.3% annually

Investment rate of return– 7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality– Society of Actuaries’ Scale MP-2014 **Discount rate** – 7.0%

The long-term expected rate of return on ERS pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Investment Asset Allocation

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class and the Systems’ target asset allocations as of the applicable valuation dates are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	TRS		ERS	
	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equities	35%	5.9%	36%	4.6%
International equities	18%	7.4%	14%	6.4%
Private equities	8%	9.0%	10%	7.5%
Real estate	11%	4.3%	10%	5.6%
Inflation-indexed bonds	-	-	4%	1.3%
Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.6%	-	-
Global fixed income securities	2%	1.3%	-	-
Bonds and mortgages	8%	2.8%	17%	1.3%
Short-term	1%	0.6%	1%	(0.3)%
Other	1%	3.9%	8%	3.8%-5.7%
				100%

Discount Rate

The discount rate projection of cash flows assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of its net pension position calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% (TRS) and 7.0% (ERS) and the impact of using a discount rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current rate.

	1.0% Decrease	At Current Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset (liability) \$		(7,236,553) \$	
420,069 \$ 6,832,111			
District's proportionate share of the ERS net pension asset (liability)	\$ (1,633,271) \$	(215,862) \$	983,209

8. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The District maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan) providing for continuation of medical and dental insurance for certain current and former administrators. The District pays 100% of medical insurance for life for certain administrators upon retirement from the District for those who meet the required years of service. Benefit provisions are based on individual contracts with the District, as negotiated from time to time. The Plan is also open to all eligible employees and provides continued insurance through the conversion of sick time or by payment of monthly premiums by retirees through participation in the District's policies. The District thereby provides an implicit rate subsidy on behalf of all eligible employees. Plan options include single and two-person coverage. The Plan has no assets, does not issue financial statements, and is not a trust.

At June 30, 2017, employees covered by the Plan include:

Active employees	156
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
	<u>231</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$5,743,122 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Healthcare cost trend rates – based on the National Health Expenditure Projections 2009-2025 for short-term rates and the Society of Actuaries Getzen Long-Term Healthcare Cost Trend Resource Model v2018_c for long-term rates, initially 7.5% for pre-65, 5.8% for post-65, and 10.5% for prescription drug coverage, to an ultimate rate of 3.89% after 2075

Salary increases– 2.5%

Mortality – sex-distinct RP-2014 Mortality Tables adjusted backward to 2006 with Scale MP-2014 and then adjusted for mortality improvements with Scale MP-2017 mortality improvement scale on a fully generational basis

Discount rate – 3.56% based on the Fidelity Municipal Go AA 20-Year Bond rate as of the measurement date

Inflation rate– 2.25%

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance at June 30, 2017	<u>\$ 6,137,923</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	180,115
194,388 Interest	
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(441,293)
Benefit payments	<u>(328,011)</u>
Net changes	<u>(394,801)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 5,743,122</u>

The following presents the sensitivity of the District’s total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, including what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% higher or lower than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease (2.56%)	Discount Rate (3.56%)	1.0% Increase (4.56%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ (6,454,410)	\$ (5,743,122)	\$ (5,141,100)

The following presents the sensitivity of the District’s total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, including what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1% higher or lower than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease (4.8% to 2.89%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (5.8% to 3.89%)	1.0% Increase (6.8% to 4.89%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ (5,027,903)	\$ (5,743,122)	\$ (6,619,919)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$374,503. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to changes of assumptions of \$441,293 which will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Years ending June 30,</u>	
2019	\$ (56,649)
2020	(56,649)
2021	(56,649)
2022	(56,649)
2023	(56,649)
Thereafter	<u>(158,048)</u>
	<u>\$ (441,293)</u>

9. Risk Management

General Liability

The District purchases commercial insurance for various risks of loss due to torts, theft, damage, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Health Insurance

The District participates in the Orleans/Niagara School Health Plan (the Plan). The Plan has been established to administer a health insurance program to lower the costs of such coverage to the nine participating members as of June 30, 2017 (the most recent information available). The District has transferred partial risk to the Plan. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Plan members could be subjected, however, to pro-rata supplemental assessments in the event that the Plan's assets are not adequate to meet claims. No such supplemental assessments have been required in the past three years.

The Plan has published its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2017, which can be obtained from Orleans/Niagara BOCES, 4232 Shelby Basin Road, Medina, NY 14103.

Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Niagara County Mutual Self-Insurance Plan (the Plan) pursuant to Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation law to finance the liability and risk related to workers' compensation claims and to lower the costs of coverage to the participating members. The Plan includes 20 governmental entities as of December 31, 2017 (the most recent information available). The pool is funded through annual assessments for each participating entity based on payroll. The District has transferred partial risk to the Plan. Plan members pay monthly premium equivalents based upon a pro-rata share of expenditures. All funds received are pooled and administered as a common fund. Plan members could be subjected, however, to pro-rata supplemental assessments in the event that the Plan's assets are not adequate to meet claims. No such supplemental assessments have been required in the past three years.

The Plan has established its own financial report for the year ended December 31, 2017, which can be obtained from Niagara County Risk Management and Insurance Services, 111 Main Street, Suite 102, Lockport, NY 14094.

10. Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants and calculated aid as determined by the State. The expenditure of grant funds generally requires compliance with the terms and conditions specified in the agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. State aid payments are based upon estimated expenditures and pupil statistics, are complex, and subject to adjustment. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. Based on prior experience, management expects such amounts to be immaterial.

Commitments

The District's taxpayers have approved a capital project expected to cost \$9,850,000. As of June 30, 2018, \$9,467,000 remains unexpended.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Inflation	2.5%	2.5%	3.0%
Salary increases	1.90%-4.72%	1.90%-4.72%	4.0%- 10.9%
Cost of living adjustments	1.5%	1.5%	1.625%
Investment rate of return	7.25%	7.5%	8.0%

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Discount rate 7.25% 7.5% 8.0%
 Society of Actuaries' mortality scale MP-2014 MP-2014 AA

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Position New York State Teachers' Retirement System

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension position	0.055265%	0.055988%	0.056821%	0.058738%	0.057518%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 420,069	\$ (599,655)	\$ 5,901,859	\$ 6,542,993	\$ 378,615
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,757,696	8,639,518	\$ 8,717,499	\$ 8,630,595	\$ 8,699,939
District's proportionate share of the net pension position as a percentage of its covered payroll	4.80%	6.94%	67.70%	75.81%	4.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

Data prior to 2013 is unavailable.

The following is a summary of changes of assumptions:

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions New York State Teachers' Retirement System					
June 30,			2018	2017	2016

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Contractually required contribution	\$ 881,231	\$ 1,026,402	\$ 1,145,600	\$ 1,496,227	\$ 1,409,922	\$ 997,510
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(881,231)	(1,026,402)	(1,145,600)	(1,496,227)	(1,409,922)	(997,510)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,992,153	\$ 8,757,696	\$ 8,639,518	\$ 8,717,499	\$ 8,630,595	\$ 8,699,939
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.16%	16.34%	11.47%

Data prior to 2013 is unavailable.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Position New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System

As of the measurement date of March 31,	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension position	0.0066883%	0.0064228%	0.0068021%	0.0071470%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (215,862)	\$ (603,503)	\$ (1,091,763)	\$ (241,443)
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,107,779	\$ 2,005,765	\$ 2,008,777	\$ 1,946,635
Inflation	2.5%	2.7%		
Salary increases	3.8%	4.9%		
Cost of living adjustments	1.3%	1.4%		
Investment rate of return	7.0%	7.5%		
Discount rate	7.0%	7.5%		

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

District's proportionate share of the net pension position as a percentage of its covered payroll

10.24% 30.09% 54.35% 12.40%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

98.24% 94.70% 90.70% 97.90%

Data prior to 2015 is unavailable.

The following is a summary of changes of assumptions:

2016 2015

**Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System**

June 30,	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 328,403	\$ 317,390	\$ 386,217	\$ 372,490	\$ 402,166	\$ 421,954
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(328,403)	(317,390)	(386,217)	(372,490)	(402,166)	(421,954)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 2,107,779	\$ 2,005,765	\$ 2,008,777	\$ 1,946,635	\$ 2,024,539	\$ 2,191,149
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.58%	15.82%	19.23%	19.14%	19.86%	19.26%

Data prior to 2013 is unavailable.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios****June 30, 2018**

Total OPEB liability - beginning									<u>\$ 6,137,923</u>
Changes for the year:									
Service cost									194,388
Interest									180,115
Changes of benefit terms									-
Differences between expected and actual experience									-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs									(441,293)
Benefit payments									<u>(328,011)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	(394,801)	Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,743,122					<u><u>\$ 11,407,638</u></u>
Covered-employee payroll									
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll									<u>50.3%</u>

Data prior to 2018 is unavailable.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Supplementary Information Schedule of Change from Original to Final Budget and Calculation of Unrestricted Fund Balance Limit - General Fund**For the year ended June 30, 2018**

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Original expenditure budget	\$	26,438,683
Encumbrances carried over from prior year		164,088
Use of capital reserve		2,620,000

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Actual percentage of 2019 expenditure budget

4.0%

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Revised expenditure budget

\$ 29,222,771

* * *

Unrestricted Fund Balance

Assigned	\$ 566,149
Unassigned	1,096,150

1,662,299

Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	(66,149)
Appropriated fund balance used for tax levy	(500,000)

Amount subject to 4% limit pursuant to Real Property Tax Law §1318

\$ 1,096,150**Supplementary Information
Schedule of Capital Project Expenditures****June 30, 2018**

Project Title	Original Budget	Expenditures			Unexpended Balance
		Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
2017 Capital Outlay	Capital Project 2017-2020				
Playground 2017-2020					

§1318 of Real Property Tax Law - unrestricted fund balance limit calculation

2019 expenditure budget (unaudited)	\$ 27,419,858
4% of budget	1,096,794

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

	\$ 10,596,263	\$ -	\$ 780,286	\$ 780,286	\$ 9,815,977
Smart Schools Bond Act		\$ 92,444	\$ 7,556		
\$ 100,000	\$ 346,534	-	11,800	11,800	334,734
- \$ 92,444	9,850,000	-	382,651	382,651	9,467,349
	299,729	-	293,391	293,391	6,338

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the year ended June 30, 2018

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Grantor Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed Through New York State Education Department:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	0032-18-0615	\$ 299,863
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-18-0615	<u>9,338</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>309,201</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-18-1990	258,810
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	0147-18-1990	<u>44,071</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>612,082</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed Through New York State Education Department:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	62,414
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	205,177
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>267,591</u>
Passed Through New York State Office of General Services:			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	N/A	<u>24,400</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>291,991</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 904,073</u>

See accompanying notes.

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs administered by Wilson Central School District (the District), an entity as defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through from other governmental agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Basis of Accounting

The District uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for each federal program, consistent with the fund basis financial statements.

The amounts reported as federal expenditures generally were obtained from the appropriate federal financial reports for the applicable programs and periods. The amounts reported in these federal financial reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are periodically reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

Indirect Costs

The District does not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate permitted by the Uniform Guidance.

Non-Monetary Federal Program

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements, termed a "non-monetary program." During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District used \$24,400 worth of commodities under the Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability program (CFDA Number 10.579).



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education

Wilson Central School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Wilson Central School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lumaden & McCormick, LLP

October 9, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Board of Education
Wilson Central School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Wilson Central School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lumaden & McCormick, LLP

October 9, 2018

WILSON CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the year ended June 30, 2018

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: *Unmodified*
Internal control over financial reporting:
 Material weakness(es) identified? No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:
 Material weakness(es) identified? No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: *Unmodified*
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No
Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA # Amount

Special Education Cluster:

Special Education Grants to States 84.027 \$ 299,863
Special Education Preschool Grants 84.173 9,338
\$ 309,201

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.